

Criminal Justice Research Report

Andrew M. Cuomo Governor Michael C. Green Executive Deputy Commissioner

Hate Crime in New York State 2018 Annual Report

Hate crime incidents reported to police departments and sheriffs' offices in New York State decreased 6.3 percent in 2018, despite a 9 percent increase in reported hate crime incidents in New York City. There were 352 hate crimes reported in the five boroughs, compared to 323 in 2017. The increase in reports to police occurred in Manhattan (New York County, 34.6%) and Brooklyn (Kings County, 7.8%); reports declined in the three other boroughs.

Meanwhile, the number of reported crimes in the Rest of the State – the 57 counties outside of New York City – reached a five-year low in 2018, with 146 reported.

The total number of hate crime incidents reported to police statewide in 2018 was small: 525 incidents, a fraction of all reported crime, which reached an all-time low in 2018. But because these crimes target individuals, groups of individuals or property based on a perception or belief about race, ethnicity, gender, sexual orientation, religion or other characteristic as defined by state law, they can adversely affect entire communities, not just their intended target.

Given this broader impact, New York State remains diligent in its efforts to prevent and respond to hate crimes and other forms of discriminatory behavior and bias through its Hate Crimes Task Force, led by the New York State Police with assistance from the state Division of Criminal Justice Services (DCJS) and state Division of Human Rights.

DCJS is required by law to annually publish a report analyzing hate crime incidents and arrests reported to the agency by police departments and sheriffs' offices through the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) system as of May 13, 2019. Dispositions of arrests are reported to DCJS by the courts. This report includes:

- Hate crime incidents by offense, bias motivation and demographic characteristics, such as age and gender of known offenders.
- Arrests made for offenses charged as a hate crime.

- Hate crime arrests that resulted in a criminal conviction or youthful offender adjudication annually from 2014 through 2018.
- Hate crime incidents reported annually from 2014 through 2018. These trends are detailed in the appendices to this report.

Major Findings

- Nearly 59 percent of the 525 reported hate crimes targeted property and 41 percent targeted people.
- Hate crimes against property (309) decreased 4.9 percent and crimes against individuals (216) decreased 8.1 percent.
- Consistent with prior years, the most frequently reported bias motivations for hate crimes against property were anti-Jewish (67%) and anti-black (13.6%).
- The most frequently reported bias motivations for hate crimes against individuals were antiblack (22.2%), anti-Jewish (20.8%), and anti-gay male (18.5%).
- There were 252 anti-Jewish incidents statewide, the second highest number reported in a decade.
- Most hate crime incidents involved criminal mischief (55.2%) and simple assault (30.3%).
- The most common hate crime arrest charges were aggravated harassment (41.7%) and assault (27.2%).

For additional hate crime data, visit the Statistics page of the DCJS website: www.criminaljustice.ny.gov

Reported Hate Crime Incidents

Under New York's Hate Crime Law (Penal Law Article 485) a person commits a hate crime when a designated offense is committed targeting a victim because of a perception or belief about their race, color, national origin, ancestry, gender, religion, religious practice, age, disability or sexual orientation, or when such an act is committed as a result of that type of perception or belief. These crimes can target an individual, a group of individuals or public or private property.

Table 1 details hate crime incidents reported by Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) categories, used by the FBI to allow for uniform reporting across all 50 states.

Appendix 4 details the New York State Penal Law crimes that correspond to the FBI's UCR categories.

Investigating officers are responsible for identifying an offense as a hate crime and specifying the bias motivation when reporting the incident.

- Of the 525 hate crimes reported, 309 (58.9%) targeted property and 216 (41.1%) targeted individuals.
- Criminal mischief (290) accounted for 55.2 percent of all hate crimes and 93.9 percent of property crimes.
- Simple assault (159) accounted for 30.3 percent of all hate crimes and 73.6 percent of crimes against individuals.

Figure 1 shows the percentage of hate crime incidents reported by major bias type.

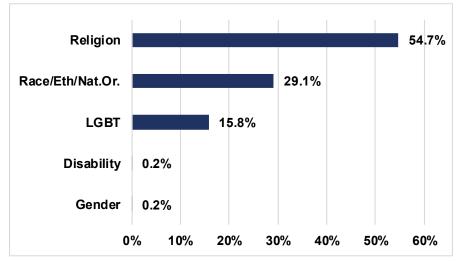


Figure 1. Percentage of Hate Crime Incidents by Major Bias Type 2018

- More than half 54.7 percent of all incidents involved an anti-religious bias, with 287 incidents reported.
- Race/ethnicity/national origin was the bias motivation in 153 incidents (29.1%).
- LGBT was the bias motivation in 83 incidents (15.8%).
- Five-year trends for all hate crime bias motivation types are detailed in Appendix 1.

UCR Offense Category	Number	Percent
Total	525	100.0%
Crimes Against Persons	216	41.1%
Robbery	16	3.0%
Aggravated Assault	41	7.8%
Simple Assault	159	30.3%
Property Crimes	309	58.9%
Burglary	2	0.4%
Larceny	13	2.5%
Arson	4	0.8%
Criminal Mischief	290	55.2%

Table 2 shows bias motivation for all hate crimes reported to police in 2018, as well as the bias motivation for each type of hate crime: crimes against individuals and property crimes.

- The most common bias motivation for all hate crimes was anti-religion, with 287 reported.
- In the anti-religion category, anti-Jewish crimes accounted for the overwhelming majority of those incidents: 87.8 percent (252 of 287).
- Anti-Jewish crimes accounted for 48 percent (252 of 525) of all hate crime incidents.
- Anti-black bias accounted for more than half (90 of 153) of the incidents involving anti-race/ethnicity/national origin bias and 17.1 percent (90 of 525) of all reported hate crimes.
- Anti-LGBT bias accounted for 15.8 percent of all reported hate crimes (83 of 525).

Crimes Against Persons

- Bias against race/ethnicity/national origin was the most common bias type in crimes against persons, with 94 incidents (43.5%) reported. This was followed by anti-religion, 62 incidents (28.7%), and anti-LGBT, 58 incidents (26.9%).
- Black individuals were the most commonly targeted group (48 of 216), followed by Jewish (45) and gay men (40).
- Within the anti-religion category, anti-Jewish bias accounted for 45 of 62 incidents (72.6%).
- The second most frequent religious bias was anti-Islamic, with those incidents accounting for 19.4 percent (12 of 62) reported crimes.

Property Crimes

- Of the 309 reported hate crimes targeting property, 72.8 percent (225) were motivated by a bias against religion,
- Bias against race/ethnicity/national origin accounted for 19.1 percent (59) of reported property crimes.
- Anti-Jewish bias was the most commonly reported bias in incidents targeting property: 67 percent (207 of 309) incidents.
- The second most common bias type was anti-black: 13.6 percent (42 of 309 incidents).
- Appendix 1 details five-year trends.

Table 2. Bias N	lotivation by Of	fense Type 2018
	Crimes Against	

%

100.0%

0.5%

0.5%

28.7%

20.8%

5.6%

0.0%

0.9%

0.5%

0.0%

0.5%

0.5%

43.5%

22.2%

10.2%

3.7%

3.7%

2.8%

0.9%

0.0%

26.9%

18.5%

3.2%

0.5%

2.8%

1.9%

0.5%

Property Crimes

%

100.0%

0.0%

0.0%

72.8%

67.0%

1.9%

1.9%

0.6%

0.6%

0.6%

0.0%

0.0%

19.1%

13.6%

1.0%

1.6%

1.6%

0.6%

0.0%

0.6%

8.1%

4.5%

1.0%

2.3%

0.3%

0.0%

0.0%

#

309

0

0

225

207

6

6

2

2

2

0

0

59

42

3

5

5

2

0

2

25

14

3

7

1

0

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Persons

#

216

1

1

62

45

12

0

2

1

0

1

1

94

48

22

8

8

6

2

0

58

40

7

1

6

4

1

Bias Motivation

Total

Age

Female

Jewish

Catholic

Mormon

Black

White

Asian

Arab

Anti-LGBT

Gay Male

Transgender

Gay Female

Disability

Hispanic

Multi-Racial Groups

Gay (Male and Female)

Gender Non-Conforming

Anti-Religion

Islamic (Muslim)

Other Christian

Other Religion

Multi-Religious Groups

Religious Practice Generally

Anti-Race/Ethnicity/National Origin

Other Ethnicity/National Origin

Total

Crimes

%

100.0%

0.2%

0.2%

54.7%

48.0%

34%

1.1%

0.8%

0.6%

0.4%

0.2%

0.2%

29.1%

17.1%

4.8%

25%

2.5%

1.5%

04%

04%

15.8%

10.3%

1.9%

1.5%

1.3%

0.8%

0.2%

#

525

1

1

287

252

18

6

Δ

3

2

1

1

153

90

25

13

13

8

2

2

83

54

10

8

7

4

1

Offenders as Reported by Their Victims

Reporting of offender demographic characteristics by the victim or another party is often incomplete, partly due to the fact that some hate crimes involving property do not involve direct contact between the target and perpetrator.

At least one type of offender demographic — gender, age or race/ethnicity — was reported in 229 incidents. Those incidents involved a total of 249 offenders because a single incident can involve multiple offenders.

Table 3 presents the gender, age and race/ethnicity of offenders in those 229 incidents as reported by a victim or other party.

Table 3. Gender, Age, and Race/Ethnicity of Known Offenders 2018

	Number	Percent
Total	249	100.0%
Gender		
Male	218	87.6%
Female	18	7.2%
Age		
15 & under	13	5.2%
16 to 19	14	5.6%
20 to 24	23	9.2%
25 to 29	18	7.2%
30 to 34	29	11.6%
35 to 39	20	8.0%
40 to 44	21	8.4%
45 to 49	7	2.8%
50 to 54	8	3.2%
55 to 59	5	2.0%
60 to 64	3	1.2%
65 & older	6	2.4%
Race/Ethnicity		
White	95	38.2%
Black	96	38.6%
Hispanic	25	10.0%
Asian/Pacific Islander	4	1.6%
Other	1	0.4%

- The gender of 236 offenders was reported and the vast majority were male: 218 of 236 (92%).
- Age was reported for 167 offenders: 117 individuals (70%) were 39 years old or younger. The most common age range was 30 to 34 (29 offenders).

• Race/ethnicity of 221 offenders was reported: 43.4 percent black, 43 percent white, and 11.3 percent Hispanic. The race of 11.2 percent of offenders was reported as unknown.

Table 4 presents the number of offenders involved in the 229 hate crime incidents.

Table 4. Number of Offenders per Incident 2018

# Offenders	Incic	lents	Total Offenders				
Involved	Number	Percent	Number	Percent			
Total	229	100.0%	249	100.0%			
One	216	94.3%	216	86.7%			
Two	9	3.9%	18	7.2%			
Three	2	0.9%	6	2.4%			
Four	1	0.4%	4	1.6%			
Five	1	0.4%	5	2.0%			

*Due to rounding, percentages may not add to 100.

- The majority of the 229 incidents (94.3%) involved one offender.
- Two or more offenders were reported in 13 incidents (5.7%), for a total of 33 offenders involved.
- Of those 13 incidents, nine involved two offenders, two involved three offenders, one involved four offenders and one involved five offenders, the most reported for any one incident.
- The most common offenses involving known offenders were simple assault (133 or 53.4%) and aggravated assault (43 or 17.3%).

Unknown Offenders

- There was no information reported about the number of offenders involved in 296 of the 525 reported hate crimes.
- Of those 296 incidents, 261 (88.2%) involved crimes against property.
- The majority of incidents with unknown offenders were criminal mischief (255 or 86.1%).
- Of the incidents with unknown offenders, 65.2 percent (193) were motivated by anti-Jewish bias.

County of Reported Hate Crime Incidents and Arrests

Hate crime incidents and/or arrests were reported by police departments and sheriffs' offices in 38 of the state's 62 counties. Agencies reported no incidents or arrests in the remaining 24 counties; those counties are excluded from the table below.¹

Arrests represent a hate crime charge being brought at the time of the arrest, as reported to DCJS by the arresting agency. The number of reported hate crime incidents and arrests in a given year should not be compared: not all hate crime incidents in a given year result in an arrest; arrests can occur in a different year than the associated crime; and one incident can involve multiple offenders.

County	Incidents	Arrests	County	Incidents	Arrests	County	Incidents	Arrests
Total	525	228	Clinton	2	3	St. Lawrence	1	0
Rest of State	146	81	Oswego	2	2	Steuben	0	2
Suffolk	28	5	Herkimer	2	1	Chemung	0	1
Westchester	21	6	Schoharie	2	1	Greene	0	1
Nassau	20	1	Tompkins	2	0	Schenectady	0	1
Albany	15	6	Seneca	1	4			
Erie	12	11	Rensselaer	1	2	New York City	352	147
Monroe	5	2	Allegany	1	1	Kings	144	45
Ulster	5	2	Cayuga	1	1	New York	124	50
Broome	4	4	Oneida	1	1	Queens	47	28
Dutchess	4	1	Ontario	1	1	Bronx	23	15
Rockland	3	8	Putnam	1	1	Richmond	14	9
Onondaga	3	4	Saratoga	1	1	Multiple Counties	27	0
Wayne	3	1	Livingston	1	0	MTA	26	0
Orange	2	6	Niagara	1	0	NYS Park Police	1	0

Table 5. Hate Crime Incidents and Arrests by County and Region 2018

- Law enforcement in the five counties that comprise New York City Bronx, Kings, New York, Queens and Richmond — reported 67 percent of all hate crime incidents in the state and made 64.5 percent of all hate crime arrests.
- In the Rest of the State, 65.8 percent of incidents were reported by law enforcement agencies from five counties: Suffolk (28), Westchester (21), Nassau (20), Albany (15) and Erie (12).
- Police departments or sheriffs' offices in four counties made one or more hate crime arrest, but reported no incidents: Steuben (two) and Chemung, Greene and Schenectady (one each).

Note: The MTA (Metropolitan Transportation Authority) Police Department and NYS Park Police (New York State Park Police) serve multiple counties.

¹ The following 24 counties reported no hate crime incidents or arrests in 2018: Cattaraugus, Chautauqua, Chenango, Columbia, Cortland, Delaware, Essex, Franklin, Fulton, Genesee, Hamilton, Jefferson, Lewis, Madison, Montgomery, Orleans, Otsego, Schuyler, Sullivan, Tioga, Warren, Washington, Wyoming and Yates

Hate Crime Arrests

New York State Penal Law Article 485 specifies the Penal Law offenses that can be charged as hate crimes.

Table 6 shows the most serious Penal Law offense charged as a hate crime for the 228 arrests made in 2018. Of those, 44.7 percent were offenses against public order and 34.2 percent were assault and related offenses.

The most common hate crime arrest charges were second-degree aggravated harassment (60), a misdemeanor; second-degree assault (40), a felony; and first-degree aggravated harassment (35), a felony.

This table also groups arrest charges by the corresponding Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) category. As noted on Page 2, the FBI defines these categories.

PL	UCR Offense Category	Number	Percent	PL UCR Offense Category	Number	Percent
Total		228	100.0%	Arson	4	1.8%
				150.15 Arson 2nd	4	1.8%
Murder	& Manslaughter	2	0.9%			
125.25	Murder 2nd	2	0.9%	Larceny	9	3.9%
				155.35 Grand Larceny 3rd	2	0.9%
Robberg	у	4	1.8%	155.30 Grand Larceny 4th	4	
160.10	Robbery 2nd	2	0.9%	155.25 Petit Larceny	3	1.3%
160.05	Robbery 3rd	2	0.9%			
				Burglary	10	4.4%
Assault	& Related Offenses	78	34.2%	140.30 Burglary 1st	1	0.4%
120.50	Stalking 3rd	1	0.4%	140.25 Burglary 2nd	5	2.2%
120.45	Stalking 4th	1	0.4%	140.20 Burglary 3rd	1	0.4%
120.20	Reckless Endangerment 2nd	1	0.4%	140.10 Criminal Trespass 3rd	3	1.3%
120.15	Menacing 3rd	7	3.1%			
120.14	Menacing 2nd	5	2.2%	Criminal Mischief	14	6.1%
120.13	Menacing 1st	1	0.4%	145.10 Criminal Mischief 2nd	3	1.3%
120.10	Assault 1st	4	1.8%	145.05 Criminal Mischief 3rd	5	2.2%
120.05	Assault 2nd	40	17.5%	145.00 Criminal Mischief 4th	6	2.6%
120.00	Assault 3rd	18	7.9%			
				Offenses Against Public Order	102	44.7%
Other V	iolent Offenses	5	2.2%	240.31 Aggravated Harassment 1st	35	15.4%
135.60	Coercion 2nd	1	0.4%	240.30 Aggravated Harassment 2nd	60	26.3%
135.05	Unlawful Imprisonment 2nd	2	0.9%	240.25 Harassment 1st	7	3.1%
121.13	Strangulation 1st	1	0.4%			
121.12	Strangulation 2nd	1	0.4%			

Table 6. Arrests for Hate Crime by UCR Offense Category 2018*

Note: Does not include arrests for misdemeanors committed by 16 year olds between October 1 and December 31, 2018.

These arrests are no longer fingerprinted due to Raise the Age legislation.

*Offense categories include attempted offenses in addition to completed offenses.

Dispositions of Hate Crime Arrests

The processing of cases in criminal court often takes several months to complete and can result in a range of dispositions.

Dispositions by Crime Type

This section only details hate crime arrests that resulted in either a criminal conviction or youthful offender adjudication² for the five-year period from 2014 through 2018. The term adjudication is used in cases involving youthful offenders because the case is sealed and details of the case are not permitted to be disclosed, except under limited circumstances defined in state law.

The courts reported 392 convictions and youthful offender adjudications to DCJS between 2014 and 2018.

Table 7 details crime type (felony or misdemeanor) and notes whether the conviction or youthful offender adjudication was for a hate crime or another Penal Law crime.

Table 7. Disposed Hate Crime Arrests Resultingin a Conviction 2014-2018

	Disposition Charge Type										
Disposition	Hate Crime	Not Hate Crime	Grand Total								
Conviction - Felony	43	72	115								
Conviction - Misdemeanor	62	176	238								
YO adjudication	12	27	39								
Total	117	275	392								

- There were 392 dispositions reported: 238 resulted in criminal convictions to misdemeanors, 115 to felonies and 39 youthful offender adjudications.
- Of the total dispositions, 117 (29.8%) resulted in convictions or youthful offender adjudications to hate crime offenses.
- The remaining 275 dispositions were for offenses not designated as hate crimes.
- Of the 275 non-hate crime dispositions, 72 (26.2%) were felony convictions and 176 (64%) were misdemeanor convictions.

Disposition Charges

Table 8 shows the most serious charge for the 392 convictions and youthful offender adjudications, as reported for the five-year period from 2014 through 2018.

These charges are grouped by FBI UCR categories.

Table 8. Criminal Convictions and YO Adjudications forHate Crime Arrests by UCR Offense Category 2014 -2018

	Dispositio	n Charge Type	Grand Total		
UCR Offense Category	Hate Crime	Not Hate Crime	Total	Percent	
Total	117	275	392	100.0%	
Crimes Against Persons	88	163	251	64.0%	
Murder	0	3	3	0.8%	
Rape	0	2	2	0.5%	
Robbery	2	11	13	3.3%	
Aggravated Assault	12	33	45	11.5%	
Simple Assault	74	114	188	48.0%	
Property Crimes	26	74	100	25.5%	
Arson	0	1	1	0.3%	
Burglary	3	13	16	4.1%	
Larceny - Theft	8	17	25	6.4%	
Criminal Mischief	15	42	57	14.5%	
Fraud	0	1	1	0.3%	
Crimes Against Society	1	7	8	2.0%	
Controlled Substance Possession	0	2	2	0.5%	
Dangerous Weapons	1	5	6	1.5%	
Other Offenses	2	31	33	8.4%	
Other Fingerprintable Offenses	2	28	30	7.7%	
All Other Offenses	0	3	3	0.8%	

- Of all dispositions, 64 percent involved crimes against individuals (251). The majority of these convictions were categorized either as simple assault (188) or aggravated assault (45).
- Property crime offenses were involved in 25.5 percent of dispositions. The most common property crime dispositions were categorized as either criminal mischief (57) and larceny (25).
- Disposition charges by New York State Penal Law are detailed in Appendix 5.

² Offenders who are age 16 through 18 at the time of their crime may be adjudicated as youthful offenders (see Criminal Procedure Law 720.10). A youthful offender (YO) adjudication broadens sentencing options and seals the criminal record.

Sentences for Convictions and Youthful Offender Adjudications

Table 9 presents the type of sentence imposed by the courts for the 392 convictions and youthful offender adjudications*.

	Dispositio	n Charge Type	Gran	d Total
Sentence	Hate Crime	Not Hate Crime	Total	Percent
Total	117	275	392	100.0%
Prison	23	45	68	17.3%
Jail	43	83	126	32.1%
Time Served	6	12	18	4.6%
Probation	15	47	62	15.8%
Conditional Discharge	24	67	91	23.2%
Fine	6	19	25	6.4%
Other	0	2	2	0.5%

Table 9. Sentences from Hate Crime Arrests 2014-2018

A sentence to jail was the most common imposed by the court, with nearly one-third (32.1% or 126) reported. Of the remaining sentences:

- 91 (23.2%) were conditional discharges,
- 68 (17.3%) were to state prison, and
- 62 (15.8%) were to local probation.

*Youthful offender adjudications are sealed but individuals can serve any of the sentence types noted.

This report was prepared by Lauren Miller, a policy analyst in the Office of Justice Research and Performance.

Appendix 1: Bias Motivation for Hate Crime Incidents 2014 - 2018

Appendix 1 shows the number of reported hate crime incidents by bias motivation category and specific bias type for 2014 through 2018.

The table shows the total number of incidents and breaks down crimes against individuals and crimes against property.

Hate Crime in New York State Annual Reports dating back to 2014 are available here: www.criminaljustice.ny.gov/crimnet/pubs.htm.

Hate crime incidents by law enforcement agency and county annually from 2014 through 2018 are available here: http://www.criminaljustice.ny.gov/crimnet/ojsa/stats.htm

Hate Crimes by County and Bias Type annually since 2010 are available through New York's Open Data Portal: <u>https://data.ny.gov</u>

		Crimes	Against	Persons			Pro	perty Cri	mes				Total		
	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Total	257	275	280	235	216	301	228	318	325	309	558	503	598	560	525
Anti-Gender	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Anti-Female	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Anti-Religion	71	94	83	51	62	216	162	228	237	225	287	256	311	288	287
Anti-Jewish	52	66	49	33	45	183	140	193	208	207	235	206	242	241	252
Anti-Islamic (Muslim)	16	25	29	16	12	8	8	12	10	6	24	33	41	26	18
Anti-Catholic	1	1	2	1	0	17	8	13	7	6	18	9	15	8	6
Anti-Other Christian	0	0	0	0	2	0	3	4	5	2	0	3	4	5	4
Anti-Multi-Religious Groups	1	0	1	0	0	3	1	2	5	2	4	1	3	5	2
Anti-Other Religion	1	0	1	0	1	5	2	0	0	2	6	2	1	0	3
Anti-Religious Practice Generally	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	3	1	1
Anti-Hindu	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	2	0
Anti-Protestant	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
Anti-Mormon	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Anti-Eastern Orthodox (Greek, Russian, etc.)	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Anti-Race/Ethnicity/National Origin	80	88	88	112	94	65	49	65	79	59	145	137	153	191	153
Anti-Black	44	43	32	53	48	45	32	43	49	42	89	75	75	102	90
Anti-White	11	13	16	16	22	3	0	8	3	3	14	13	24	19	25
Anti-Other Ethnicity/National Origin	7	4	24	10	8	12	10	6	7	5	19	14	30	17	13
Anti-Hispanic	11	17	6	12	8	2	2	3	1	5	13	19	9	13	13
Anti-Asian	3	11	10	6	6	1	2	1	5	2	4	13	11	11	8
Anti-Arab	2	0	0	15	2	1	0	1	6	0	3	0	1	21	2
Anti-Multi-Racial Groups	2	0	0	0	0	1	3	3	8	2	3	3	3	8	2
Anti - LGBT	105	92	107	71	58	9	15	20	8	25	114	107	127	79	83
Anti-Gay Male	87	72	73	48	40	8	12	13	7	14	95	84	86	55	54
Anti-Gay Female	8	15	16	6	6	0	1	2	1	1	8	16	18	7	7
Anti-Transgender	1	1	17	14	7	0	0	1	0	3	1	1	18	14	10
Anti-Gay (Male and Female)	5	0	0	3	1	1	2	0	0	7	6	2	0	3	8
Anti-Gender Non-Conforming	3	2	1	0	4	0	0	4	0	0	3	2	5	0	4
Anti-Bisexual	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
Anti-Heterosexual	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Anti-Disability	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
Anti-Physical Disability	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
Anti-Mental Disability	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Anti-Age	1	0	0	0	0	10	2	5	1	0	11	2	5	1	0
Anti-Age	1	0	0	0	0	10	2	5	1	0	11	2	5	1	0

Source: DCJS, Uniform Crime Reporting system (as of 5/13/2019).

Appendix 2: Hate Crime Incidents by County 2014 - 2018

Appendix 2 shows the number of reported hate crime incidents by county for 2014 through 2018.

Law enforcement agencies in 58 counties reported at least one hate crime incident during that five-year period.

Four counties reported no incidents in any of these five years and are excluded from the table: Fulton, Schuyler, Wyoming and Yates.

County	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	County	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Statewide	558	503	598	560	525	Ontario	1	0	0	0	1
Non-NYC	232	183	206	209	146	Orange	7	6	6	6	2
Albany	4	3	6	6	15	Orleans	0	1	0	0	0
Allegany	0	0	1	0	1	Oswego	1	1	2	3	2
Broome	1	3	3	1	4	Otsego	3	2	1	0	0
Cattaraugus	0	2	0	1	0	Putnam	0	0	0	3	1
Cayuga	0	1	1	1	1	Rensselaer	0	2	0	2	1
Chautauqua	0	1	0	0	0	Rockland	9	4	8	7	3
Chemung	0	0	2	0	0	St. Lawrence	3	5	1	0	1
Chenango	1	0	2	1	0	Saratoga	0	1	2	1	1
Clinton	1	0	2	8	2	Schenectady	0	2	1	1	0
Columbia	1	0	0	3	0	Schoharie	1	0	2	1	2
Cortland	2	0	0	0	0	Seneca	0	0	0	0	1
Delaware	0	1	0	1	0	Steuben	0	0	0	1	0
Dutchess	3	5	1	6	4	Suffolk	91	69	43	39	28
Erie	22	11	20	10	12	Sullivan	0	0	0	4	0
Essex	3	0	1	0	0	Tioga	0	1	0	1	0
Franklin	0	2	1	1	0	Tompkins	2	1	2	3	2
Genesee	0	0	0	1	0	Ulster	1	1	3	6	5
Greene	0	1	0	1	0	Warren	0	1	0	1	0
Hamilton	0	0	0	1	0	Washington	2	0	0	0	0
Herkimer	1	0	0	1	2	Wayne	1	0	1	2	3
Jefferson	1	0	2	0	0	Westchester	17	14	19	28	21
Lewis	0	0	0	1	0	New York City	308	307	369	323	352
Livingston	1	0	3	2	1	Bronx	28	31	22	32	23
Madison	3	2	6	5	0	Kings	134	113	139	115	124
Monroe	3	3	6	5	5	New York	73	102	127	107	144
Montgomery	0	0	1	0	0	Queens	43	45	70	53	47
Nassau	42	35	52	38	20	Richmond	30	16	11	16	14
Niagara	2	1	4	3	1	Multiple County*	18	13	23	28	27
Oneida	0	0	1	2	1	MTA	10	12	22	28	26
Onondaga	2	1	0	1	3	NYS Park Police	8	1	1	0	1

Source: DCJS, Uniform Crime Reporting system (as of 5/13/2019).

* The MTA (Metropolitan Transportation Authority) Police Department and NYS Park Police (New York State Park Police) serve multiple counties.

Appendix 3: Hate Crime Incidents by Offense Type 2014 - 2018

Appendix 3 details hate crime incidents reported from 2014 to 2018 by UCR offense type.

Reported hate crimes decreased by 6.3 percent when comparing 2018 to 2017. A five-year high of 598 incidents was reported in 2016.

Crimes against individuals decreased by 8.1 percent and crimes against property decreased 4.9 percent, when comparing 2018 to 2017.

The 216 incidents reported against individuals in 2018 was the lowest during the five-year period.

Offense Type	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	% Change 17 v 18
Total	558	503	598	560	525	-6.3%
Crimes Against Persons	257	275	280	235	216	-8.1%
Murder or Manslaughter	0	0	0	1	0	N/A
Rape	0	0	1	0	0	N/A
Robbery*	14	14	13	7	16	128.6%
Aggravated Assault	29	41	59	54	41	-24.1%
Kidnapping	0	0	0	2	0	N/A
Simple Assault	214	219	207	171	159	-7.0%
Coercion	0	1	0	0	0	N/A
Property Crimes	301	228	318	325	309	-4.9%
Burglary	13	8	12	9	2	N/A
Larceny-Theft	13	10	11	8	13	N/A
Arson	4	3	7	1	4	N/A
Criminal Mischief	271	207	288	307	290	-5.5%

Source: DCJS, Uniform Crime Reporting system (as of 5/13/2019).

^{*}Although the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) system categorizes robbery as a crime against property, for purposes of this report it is categorized as a crime against persons.

NOTE: Percent change is not calculated when counts are fewer than 10.

Appendix 4: Hate Crime Incidents by Penal Law Offense 2014 - 2018

Appendix 4 on Page 13 details the number of offenses reported by law enforcement agencies annually from 2014 through 2018. These statistics are detailed for each year by UCR category and New York State Penal Law offense.³

Appendix 5: Hate Crime Dispositions by Penal Law Offense 2014 - 2018

Appendix 5 on Page 14 details the number of criminal convictions or youthful offender adjudications resulting from hate crime arrests. These dispositions are detailed by UCR category and New York State Penal Law offense.⁴

³Source: DCJS, Uniform Crime Reporting system (as of 5/13/2019).
⁴Source: DCJS, Computerized Criminal History system (as of 4/19/2019).

Appendix 4: Hate Crime Incidents by Penal Law Offense for 2014 - 2018

PL	UCR Offense Category	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Total		558	503	598	560	525
Murder &	Manslaughter	0	0	0	1	0
125.25	Murder 2nd	0	0	0	1	0
Sex Offer	ISE S	0	0	1	0	0
130.35	Rape 1st	0	0	1	0	0
Robbery		14	14	13	7	16
160.05	Robbery 3rd	12	8	2	0	2
160.10	Robbery 2nd	2	5	8	7	12
160.15	Robbery 1st	0	1	3	0	2
Assault &	Related Offenses	109	135	143	114	109
120.00	Assault 3rd	74	88	71	53	55
120.05	Assault 2nd	26	31	41	37	33
120.10	Assault 1st	1	1	1	0	3
120.13	Menacing 1st	2	2	1	0	1
120.14	Menacing 2nd	3	8	18	17	11
120.15	Menacing 3rd	2	3	2	5	0
120.20	Reckless Endangerment 2nd	1	2	4	1	3
120.25	Reckless Endangerment 1st	0	0	2	1	0
120.45	Stalking 4th	0	0	1	0	3
120.50	Stalking 3rd	0	0	2	0	0
Other Vio	lent Offenses	0	1	1	2	0
121.12	Strangulation 2nd	0	0	1	0	0
135.05	Unlawful Imprisonment 2nd	0	0	0	1	0
135.10	Unlawful Imprisonment 1st	0	0	0	1	0
135.60	Coercion 2nd	0	1	0	0	0
Arson		4	3	7	1	4
150.05	Arson 4th	4	1	1	1	3
150.10	Arson 3rd	0	1	0	0	0
150.15	Arson 2nd	0	1	6	0	1
Larceny -		13	10	11	8	13
155.25	Petit Larceny	9	9	6	4	11
155.30	Grand Larceny 4th	4	1	5	4	2
Burglary		13	8	12	9	2
140.10	Criminal Trespass 3rd	0	0	0	0	1
140.20	Burglary 3rd	4	4	3	5	0
140.25	Burglary 2nd	9	4	9	4	1
Criminal		183	- 161	203	251	204
145.00	Criminal Mischief 4th	158	141	166	219	165
145.05	Criminal Mischief 3rd	21	12	15	30	24
145.10	Criminal Mischief 2nd	4	7	22	2	15
145.10	Criminal Mischief 1st	4 0	, 1	0	0	0
	Against Public Order	222	171	207	167	177
240.31	Aggravated Harassment 1st	88	47	85	56	86
	Unspecified	0	0	0	0	51
	Damage Religious Premises > \$50	3	2	1	0	9
	Physical Contact Due to Race, Religion, etc. w/ Previous Conviction	0	1	0	0	0
	Place a Swastika on Property	82 3	41 3	80 4	52 4	26 0
	Display a Noose on Property			4	4	0
240.30	Aggravated Harassment 2nd	115	117	116	105	84
	Unspecified	3	9	6	6	39
	Communicate in Manner Likely to Cause Alarm	53	49	35	25	10
	Telephone w/o Legitimate Communication	10	9	0	3	2
	Physical Contact Due to Race, Religion, etc.	48	49	75	70	32
	Commit Harassment 1st w/ Prior Conviction	1	1	0	1	1
240.25	Harassment 1st	19	7	6	6	7

Appendix 5: Hate Crime Dispositions by Penal Law Offense for 2014 - 2018*

		Disposition Charge Type		Grand Total	
PL	UCR Offense Category	Hate Crime	Not Hate Crime	Total	Percent
Fotal		117	275	392	100.0%
Murder &	Manslaughter	0	3	3	0.8%
125.25	Murder 2nd	0	3	3	0.8%
Sex Offer	ISES	0	3	3	0.8%
130.35	Rape 1st	0	2	2	0.5%
130.60	Sexual Abuse 2nd	0	1	1	0.3%
Robbery		2	11	13	3.3%
160.05	Robbery 3rd	0	3	3	0.8%
160.10	Robbery 2nd	1	7	8	2.0%
160.15	Robbery 1st	1	1	2	0.5%
Assault &	Related Offenses	42	117	159	40.6%
120.00	Assault 3rd	23	72	95	24.2%
120.05	Assault 2nd	3	13	16	4.1%
120.06	Gang Assault 2nd	0	2	2	0.5%
120.07	Gang Assault 1st	0	2	2	0.5%
120.10	Assault 1st	4	5	9	2.3%
120.14	Menacing 2nd	4	18	22	5.6%
120.15	Menacing 3rd	8	1	9	2.3%
120.20	Reckless Endangerment 2nd	0	3	3	0.8%
120.25	Reckless Endangerment 1st	0	1	1	0.3%
Other Vio	lent Offenses	0	2	2	0.5%
121.11	Criminal Obstruction of Breathing	0	-	1	0.3%
135.65	Coercion 1st	0	1	1	0.3%
Arson		0	1	1	0.3%
150.15	Arson 2nd	0	1	1	0.3%
Larceny -		7	19	26	6.6%
155.25	Petit Larceny	0	10	10	2.6%
155.30	Grand Larceny 4th	2	4	6	1.5%
155.35	Grand Larceny 3rd	4	3	7	1.5%
155.40	-	4	0	1	
	Grand Larceny 2nd			1	0.3%
165.15	Theft of Services	0	1	-	0.3%
165.45	Criminal Posession of Stolen Property 4th	0	1	1	0.3%
Burglary		3	15	18	4.6%
140.15	Criminal Trespass 2nd	0	2	2	0.5%
140.20	Burglary 3rd	3	6	9	2.3%
140.25	Burglary 2nd	0	7	7	1.8%
Criminal	Mischief	9	42	51	13.0%
145.00	Criminal Mischief 4th	7	33	40	10.2%
145.05	Criminal Mischief 3rd	2	3	5	1.3%
145.10	Criminal Mischief 2nd	0	1	1	0.3%
145.60	Making Graffiti	0	5	5	1.3%
Offenses	Against Public Order	51	25	76	19.4%
240.32	Aggravated Harrassment of Employee by Inmate	0	1	1	0.3%
240.50	Falsely Reporting an Incident 3rd	0	2	2	0.5%
240.55	Falsely Reporting an Incident 2nd	0	1	1	0.3%
240.75	Aggravated Family Offense	0	1	1	0.3%
240.31	Aggravated Harassment 1st	6	0	6	1.5%
Sub 03	Place a Swastika on Property	6	0	6	1.5%
240.30	Aggravated Harassment 2nd	42	18	60	15.3%
Sub 00	Unspecified	0	8	8	2.0%
Sub 01	Communicate in Manner Likely to Cause Alarm	2	6	8	2.0%
Sub 02	Telephone w/o Legitimate Communication	0	3	3	0.8%
Sub 03	Physical Contact Due to Race, Religion, etc.	40	0	40	10.2%
Sub 00	Physical Contact Causing Injury	0	1	1	0.3%
240.25	Harassment 1st	3	2	5	1.3%
2-10.20	enses**	3	37	40	10.2%

* Offense categories include attempted offenses in addition to completed offenses.

** Offenses categorized as "Other Offenses" include: PL 105.15, PL 115.00, PL 195.00, PL 195.05, PL 205.30, PL 215.50, PL 215.51, PL 220.03, PL 260.10, PL 265.01, PL 265.02, PL 490.20