



Criminal Justice Research Report

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October 2012

Domestic Homicide in New York State 2011

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This report, compiled by the New York State Division of Criminal Justice Services (DCJS), presents a statistical account of domestic homicide reported by state and local police in New York State during 2011.

Definitions. Domestic homicide involves murder or non-negligent manslaughter in which the victim was known to have a domestic relationship with the offender, including intimate partners or another family member.¹ An “intimate partner” relationship includes spouse, ex-spouse, heterosexual or same-sex partner as well as ex-partners, whether or not the victim and offender resided together at the time of the incident or had lived together previously.² “Other family member” includes child,³ parent, sibling, or other family relationship.

Data. The data analyzed for this report are taken from the Supplementary Homicide Report (SHR) submitted by law enforcement agencies to DCJS. Part of New York State’s Uniform Crime Reporting program (UCR), the SHR collects case-level information on all criminal homicides reported by police, including: victim-offender relationship,

demographic characteristics of victim and offender (gender, race/ethnicity and age), as well as the circumstances of the homicide and the type of weapon used.⁴

Overview. Domestic homicides among intimate partner and other family members are compared in this report with all other homicides statewide and by region. Regional homicide data are presented for the five counties of New York City and the rest of New York State, comprised of the 57 counties upstate and Long Island. Statistics are presented on demographic characteristics of homicide victims, the circumstances surrounding the homicide, and the types of weapons used. Special attention is given to intimate partner homicide, which is the most frequent type of domestic homicide. In addition, relevant findings from the analysis of homicides involving minor child victims and other family member victims are also presented. Domestic homicide trends across the five-year period from 2007 to 2011 are also detailed in an additional section of this report. Finally, appendices detail domestic homicide by county and region.

Major Findings

- Domestic homicides increased 17% in 2011, while nondomestic homicides declined 11% (p. 11).
- Intimate partner homicides increased from 74 in 2010 to 89 in 2011 (p. 11).
- Other family homicides increased from 72 in 2010 to 82 in 2011 (p. 11).
- Minor child domestic homicides decreased in New York City, from 25 in 2010 to 15 in 2011, but increased in the Rest of State, from 13 in 2010 to 21 in 2011 (p. 11).
- Statewide in 2011, 44% (67 of 151) of female homicide victims age 16 and older were killed by intimate partners (p. 3).
- Among male homicide victims age 16 and older, only 4% (22 of 558) were killed by intimate partners (p. 3).

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¹ Homicide is defined as “the willful killing of one human being by another.” *Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook*. Murder and non-negligent manslaughter refer to crimes in New York State Penal Laws §125.15 through §125.27 and include: murder in the first and second degree, aggravated murder, aggravated manslaughter in the first and second degree, and manslaughter in the first and second degree.

² New York Criminal Procedure Law §530.11(1)(a-e).

³ “Child” is defined as under 18 years old and includes a biological or adopted child, as well as a child who is killed by the intimate partner of his or her parent.

⁴ New York City homicide data are extracted from the New York City Police Department Shootings and Homicides database, which differs from the SHR but not in ways that substantially affect this analysis.

State and Regional Overview of Domestic Homicides

Table 1 presents a statewide breakdown of domestic homicide compared to all other homicides.⁵

Table 1. Domestic Homicides and Other Homicides by Type of Relationship in New York State, 2011⁶

Type of Relationship	Number	Percent of Total Homicides	Percent of Domestic Homicides
Domestic Homicide	171	22.2%	100.0%
Intimate Partner	89	11.6%	52.0%
Other Family	82	10.7%	48.0%
All Other Homicide	598	77.8%	
Known	247	32.1%	—
Unknown ⁷	351	45.6%	—
Total	769	100.0%	—

- In 2011, police in New York State reported a total of 769 homicide victims in 740 incidents. Victims in 171 homicides, 22.2% of all homicides, had a domestic relationship with their offenders.
- In 89 homicides, the victim and offender were intimate partners. Intimate partner homicides represented 52% of domestic homicides and 11.6% of all homicides.
- 82 homicide victims were killed by “other family” members. These victims most commonly were the child, parent, grandparent, or sibling of the offender.

A single incident can involve multiple homicide victims. There were 11 incidents with multiple victims; those incidents involved 26 victims. All but two of those victims had a domestic relationship with the offender.

- Seven incidents involved two homicides (14 victims), and four involved three homicides (12 victims). In nine incidents, the offender was male.
- The majority of the 11 multiple-victim domestic homicide incidents involved child victims. In eight of those incidents, 14 children (or children of intimate partners) under 18 years old were killed. In another incident, a child of an intimate partner over age 18 was a victim of domestic homicide.
 - Two murder-suicides involved child victims. In one murder-suicide, a male killed his spouse and two children. In the other murder-suicide, a mother killed her three children.
 - In one incident, a female killed her 10-year-old daughter and her 79-year-old father.
- Three incidents involved male children killing one or both parents.
 - In one incident, a male killed both parents in a robbery. In another, a male killed his father and two of his siblings, both of whom were under the age of 18.

⁵ The “all other” type of homicide relationship includes categories in which the victim’s relationship to the offender was known (e.g., friend, acquaintance, stranger, or otherwise known) and where the victim-offender relationship was unknown.

⁶ As reported to DCJS through May 14, 2012.

⁷ It is unlikely that a substantial number of homicides where victim-offender relationships were unknown were, in fact, domestic in nature. A further analysis of the 351 homicides with unknown victim-offender relationships revealed that only 26 involved females – the most common gender of domestic homicide victims. And of those, only two were characterized as involving an argument, a circumstance frequently associated with domestic homicide.

Table 2 compares domestic and other homicides in New York City and the Rest of the State. Of the 769 homicides reported statewide in 2011, 515 (67%) occurred in New York City and 254 (33%) occurred in the Rest of the State. See Appendix A for county and regional statistics.

Table 2. Domestic Homicides and Other Homicides by Type of Relationship and Region: 2011⁸

Type of Relationship	Homicides by Region					
	New York City			Rest of the State		
	Number	Percent of Total Homicides	Percent of Domestic Homicides	Number	Percent of Total Homicides	Percent of Domestic Homicides
Domestic Homicide	94	18.3%	100.0%	77	30.3%	100.0%
Intimate Partner	49	9.5%	52.1%	40	15.7%	51.9%
Other Family	45	8.7%	47.9%	37	14.6%	48.1%
All Other Homicide	421	81.7%		177	69.7%	
Known	157	30.5%	—	90	35.4%	—
Unknown	264	51.3%		87	34.3%	
Total	515	100.0%	—	254	100.0%	—

- New York City reported 94 domestic homicides, accounting for 18.3% of all homicides in that jurisdiction. In the Rest of the State, 30.3% (77) of all reported homicides were domestic.
- Half of all domestic homicides were committed by intimate partners, both in New York City and the Rest of the State.

Table 3 compares the gender of homicide victims, both statewide and by region. In 2011, 709 (92%) of the 771 homicide victims were 16 years old or older.

Table 3. Victims of Homicide (Age 16 and Older) by Gender and Region, 2011

Gender	Age 16 & Older		
	Intimate Partner Victims	All Homicide Victims	Percent Intimate Partner
Statewide	89	709	48.3%
Female	67	151	44.4%
Male	22	558	3.9%
New York City	49	486	41.2%
Female	35	93	37.6%
Male	14	393	3.6%
Rest of the State	40	223	60.0%
Female	32	58	55.2%
Male	8	165	4.8%

- Female homicide victims were most likely to be killed by someone they knew. Statewide, among 151 female homicide victims age 16 or older in 2011, 67 (44.4%) were committed by intimate partners.

⁸For this report, intimate partners include spouse, ex-spouse, heterosexual partner or ex-partner, and same-sex partner, whether or not the victim and offender were living together at the time of the homicide or had previously lived together. NYPD homicide statistics include victims of domestic homicide incidents who are not intimate partners or members of the same family. These victims are excluded in this report.

Demographics of Domestic Homicide Victims

Table 4 presents the gender, race/ethnicity, and median age of domestic and other homicide victims in 2011, state-wide and by region.

Table 4. Domestic Homicides and Other Homicides by Victim Demographics and Region, 2011

Statewide								
Victim Demographics	Intimate Partner		Other Family		Total Domestic		All Others	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Gender								
Female	67	75.3%	37	45.1%	104	60.8%	69	11.5%
Male	22	24.7%	45	54.9%	67	39.2%	529	88.5%
Race/Ethnicity								
White	32	36.0%	28	34.1%	60	35.1%	69	11.5%
Black	28	31.5%	37	45.1%	65	38.0%	376	62.9%
Hispanic	22	24.7%	13	15.9%	35	20.5%	136	22.7%
Other	5	5.6%	3	3.7%	8	4.7%	12	2.0%
Unknown	2	2.2%	1	1.2%	3	1.8%	5	0.8%
Median Age (All Victims)	37.0		22.0		33.0		29.0	
Female	38.0		27.0		36.5		34.0	
Male	36.5		22.0		28.0		28.0	
Total Victims	89		82		171		598	
New York City								
Gender								
Female	35	71.4%	20	44.4%	55	58.5%	46	10.9%
Male	14	28.6%	25	55.6%	39	41.5%	375	89.1%
Race/Ethnicity								
White	12	24.5%	5	11.1%	17	18.1%	26	6.2%
Black	17	34.7%	26	57.8%	43	45.7%	277	65.8%
Hispanic	16	32.7%	11	7.0%	27	20.7%	106	25.9%
Other	4	8.2%	3	7.0%	7	7.6%	11	3.1%
Unknown	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.2%
Median Age (All Victims)	37.0		27.0		35.0		29.0	
Female	40.0		46.0		40.0		34.0	
Male	35.0		22.0		28.0		28.0	
Total Victims	49		45		94		421	
Rest of the State								
Gender								
Female	32	80.0%	17	45.9%	49	63.6%	23	13.0%
Male	8	20.0%	20	54.1%	28	36.4%	154	87.0%
Race/Ethnicity								
White	20	50.0%	23	62.2%	43	55.8%	43	24.3%
Black	11	27.5%	11	29.7%	22	28.6%	99	55.9%
Hispanic	6	15.0%	2	5.4%	8	10.4%	30	16.9%
Other	1	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	0.0%	1	0.4%
Unknown	2	5.0%	1	2.7%	3	3.9%	4	2.3%
Median Age (All Victims)	37.0		12.0		31.0		28.0	
Female	35.0		10.0		31.0		29.0	
Male	37.0		19.5		31.5		26.0	
Total Victims	40		37		77		177	

Gender

- Females were victims in 75.3% (67 of 89) of intimate partner homicides statewide in 2011, but only 11.5% (69 of 598) of victims of all other homicides.
- Among all domestic homicides, females accounted for 60.8% (104 of 171) of victims.
- Statewide, of the 82 “other family” members who were domestic homicide victims, 37 were female and 45 were male.

Race and Ethnicity

- Blacks were victims in 38% (65) of all of domestic homicides across the state, whites, 35.1% (60); and Hispanics, 20.5% (35).
- Among the 89 intimate partner homicide victims statewide in 2011, 31.5% (28) were black. In New York City, blacks comprised 34.7% (17) of intimate partner homicide victims, compared to 27.5% (11) in the Rest of the State.
- Whites were victims in 32 intimate partner homicides statewide (36%). 12 white victims were reported in New York City (24.5%) and 20 (50%) in the Rest of the State.
- 22 Hispanic victims in intimate partner homicides were reported in 2011 (24.7%). 16 were reported in New York City and six in the Rest of the State.
- New York City reported more black victims (43) and Hispanic victims (27) of domestic homicide than white victims (17). The rate of white homicide victims of domestic violence in New York City was 0.5 per 100,000, and the rate of black homicide victims was 0.8 per 100,000.
- In the Rest of the State, 43 whites and 22 blacks were the victims of domestic homicide.

Age

- Statewide, half of all intimate partner homicide victims were under 37 years old, and half of all “other family” domestic homicides were under 22. In comparison, the median age of all other homicide victims was 29 years old statewide.
- More than 40% (34 of 82) of “other family” homicide victims in the Rest of the State were 15 years old or younger. Among “other family” domestic homicide victims in the Rest of the State, the median age was 12, compared to 27 years in New York City.
- Table 5 on the following page details additional information about the ages of domestic homicide victims.

Table 5 presents domestic homicide victims according to the type of relationship and age group for the entire state and region.

Table 5. Domestic Homicides by Victim Age Group, 2011

Statewide						
Age Group	Intimate Partner		Other Family		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Infant <1	—	—	11	13.4%	11	6.4%
1 - 4	—	—	12	14.6%	12	7.0%
5 - 15	—	—	11	13.4%	11	6.4%
16 - 19	2	2.2%	6	7.3%	8	4.7%
20 - 29	26	29.2%	6	7.3%	32	18.7%
30 - 39	21	23.6%	3	3.7%	24	14.0%
40 - 49	21	23.6%	10	12.2%	31	18.1%
50 - 59	12	13.5%	7	8.5%	19	11.1%
60 & Older	7	7.9%	16	19.5%	23	13.5%
Total	89	100.0%	82	100.0%	171	100.0%
New York City						
Infant <1	—	—	7	15.6%	7	7.4%
1 - 4	—	—	6	13.3%	6	6.4%
5 - 15	—	—	1	2.2%	1	1.1%
16 - 19	1	2.0%	5	11.1%	6	6.4%
20 - 29	11	22.4%	5	11.1%	16	17.0%
30 - 39	15	30.6%	3	6.7%	18	19.1%
40 - 49	12	24.5%	5	11.1%	17	18.1%
50 - 59	4	8.2%	5	11.1%	9	9.6%
60 & Older	6	12.2%	8	17.8%	14	14.9%
Total	49	100.0%	45	100.0%	94	100.0%
Rest of the State						
Infant <1	—	—	4	10.8%	4	5.2%
1 - 4	—	—	6	16.2%	6	7.8%
5 - 15	—	—	10	27.0%	10	13.0%
16 - 19	1	2.5%	1	2.7%	2	2.6%
20 - 29	15	37.5%	1	2.7%	16	20.8%
30 - 39	6	15.0%	0	0.0%	6	7.8%
40 - 49	9	22.5%	5	13.5%	14	18.2%
50 - 59	8	20.0%	2	5.4%	10	13.0%
60 & Older	1	2.5%	8	21.6%	9	11.7%
Total	40	100.0%	37	100.0%	77	100.0%

- The majority (29.2%) of the 89 intimate partner homicide victims were in the 20 - 29 age group.
- Among the 23 elderly (60 years and older) victims of domestic homicide, seven were an intimate partner of the offender and 16 were “other family” members.
- A total of 41% (34) of “other family” victims were under age 16. Table 6 provides additional details on minor child victims of domestic homicide.

Minor Child Victims

Table 6 presents minor child domestic homicide victims by their reported demographics. A minor child is a person under 18 years old who was killed either by a parent, a parent's intimate partner or another family member.⁹

Table 6. Minor Child Domestic Homicide Victims by Demographic Characteristics, 2011

Victim Demographics	Statewide	New York City	Rest of the State
Age Group			
Infant (< 1 yr.)	11	7	4
1 - 4	12	6	6
5 - 9	5	1	4
10 - 17	8	1	7
Gender			
Female	17	6	11
Male	19	9	10
Race/Ethnicity			
White	14	1	13
Black	15	9	6
Hispanic	5	4	1
Other	1	1	0
Unknown	1	0	1
Total	36	15	21

- Statewide, there were 36 minor child victims of domestic homicide. Among minor child victims, 15 were reported in New York City and 21 in the Rest of the State.
- 25 minor child victims were killed by a parent, one by a step-parent and three by their parent's intimate partner. In the seven other homicides, two child victims were killed by a sibling, one by a stepchild, one by an in-law, and three by another family member.
- Statewide, 23 minor child victims were under 5 years old; 11 of those victims were infants less than 1 year old.
- Of the 14 minor child victims who were white, 13 were reported in jurisdictions outside of New York City, while nine of 15 black and four of five Hispanic child victims were reported in New York City.
- Of the 13 older child victims, ranging from 5 to 17, 11 were reported in the Rest of the State, and two were reported in New York City.

⁹ In prior annual reports (2007 and 2008), the category of "child victim" of domestic homicide included all victims where a parent or the intimate partner of a parent was the perpetrator, regardless of the victim's age. In 2009, the counts for previous years were adjusted to identify minor children only (under 18 years old).

Circumstances of Domestic Homicide

Table 7 presents the circumstances surrounding domestic homicides in 2011 as reported by police. Circumstances include argument, murder-suicide, other felony involved[†], physical abuse/neglect, other and unknown.

Table 7. Domestic Homicides by Circumstance Reported, 2011

Statewide						
Circumstance	Intimate Partner		Other Family		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Argument	66	74.2%	33	40.2%	99	57.9%
Murder - Suicide	14	15.7%	6	7.3%	20	11.7%
Other Felony Involved	2	2.2%	8	9.8%	10	5.8%
Abuse and/or Neglect	0	0.0%	11	13.4%	11	6.4%
Other	2	2.2%	20	24.4%	22	12.9%
Unknown	5	5.6%	4	4.9%	9	5.3%
Total	89	100.0%	82	100.0%	171	100.0%
New York City						
Argument	43	87.8%	27	60.0%	70	74.5%
Murder - Suicide	4	8.2%	1	2.2%	5	5.3%
Other Felony Involved	0	0.0%	2	4.4%	2	2.1%
Abuse and/or Neglect	0	0.0%	10	22.2%	10	10.6%
Other	0	0.0%	3	6.7%	3	3.2%
Unknown	2	4.1%	2	4.4%	4	4.3%
Total	49	100.0%	45	100.0%	94	100.0%
Rest of the State						
Argument	23	57.5%	6	16.2%	29	37.7%
Murder - Suicide	10	25.0%	5	13.5%	15	19.5%
Other Felony Involved	2	5.0%	6	16.2%	8	10.4%
Abuse and/or Neglect	0	0.0%	1	2.7%	1	1.3%
Other	2	5.0%	17	45.9%	19	24.7%
Unknown	3	7.5%	2	5.4%	5	6.5%
Total	40	100.0%	37	100.0%	77	100.0%

[†]“Other Felony Involved” refers to a homicide that occurred as a result of the commission of another felonious crime, such as arson, robbery or burglary.

- An argument was reported as the leading circumstance in more than half (57.9%) of all domestic homicides (99 of 171). In 5.3% (9) of domestic homicides, the circumstance surrounding the death was unknown.
- In 11.7% (20) of all domestic homicides in 2011, the offender also committed suicide; 14 murder-suicides involved intimate partners and six involved “other family” members.
- Of the 14 murder-suicides involving intimate partners, 10 were reported in jurisdictions outside of New York City, and four in New York City. All intimate partner murder-suicide victims were female and all offenders were male.

Weapons Used in Domestic Homicide

Table 8 provides statewide and regional breakdowns on the type of weapon used in domestic homicides by the relationship of the victim to the offender. Weapon types include: firearms (handguns, rifles, shotguns and other firearms); knives, cutting instruments, or blunt objects; personal weapons (hands, feet and teeth); and miscellaneous weapons (motor vehicle, fire and poison).

Table 8. Domestic Homicide by Type of Weapon Used, 2011

Statewide						
Weapons Used	Intimate Partner		Other Family		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Firearm	20	22.5%	22	26.8%	42	24.6%
Knives/Cutting/Blunt Instruments	48	53.9%	21	25.6%	69	40.4%
Personal Weapons (hands, feet, teeth)	6	6.7%	10	12.2%	16	9.4%
Miscellaneous Weapons	5	5.6%	13	15.9%	18	10.5%
Not Reported/Unknown	10	11.2%	16	19.5%	26	15.2%
Total	89	100.0%	82	100.0%	171	100.0%
New York City						
Firearm	8	16.3%	9	20.0%	17	18.1%
Knives/Cutting/Blunt Instruments	31	63.3%	16	35.6%	47	50.0%
Personal Weapons (hands, feet, teeth)	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Miscellaneous Weapons	2	4.1%	4	8.9%	6	6.4%
Not Reported/Unknown	8	16.3%	16	35.6%	24	25.5%
Total	49	100.0%	45	100.0%	94	100.0%
Rest of the State						
Firearm	12	30.0%	13	35.1%	25	32.5%
Knives/Cutting/Blunt Instruments	17	42.5%	5	13.5%	22	28.6%
Personal Weapons (hands, feet, teeth)	6	15.0%	10	27.0%	16	20.8%
Miscellaneous Weapons	3	7.5%	9	24.3%	12	15.6%
Not Reported/Unknown	2	5.0%	0	0.0%	2	2.6%
Total	40	100.0%	37	100.0%	77	100.0%

- Firearms were used in 24.6% (42) of domestic homicides statewide in 2011. In the Rest of the State, firearms were used in 32.5% of domestic homicides (25) as compared to 18.1% in New York City (17).
- Among intimate partner homicides, a knife, cutting instrument or blunt object was the primary weapon used against 53.9% (48) of victims and a firearm was used against 22.5% (20) of victims.
- In New York City, firearms were used in 16.3% (8) of intimate partner homicides and 20% (9) of “other family” homicides. In the Rest of the State, police reported that 30% (12) of intimate partner homicides and 35.1% (13) of “other family” homicides involved a firearm.
- Statewide, the type of weapon used was unknown or not reported for 26 domestic homicide victims (15.2%).
- Among the 82 “other family” domestic homicides, 21 involved knives, cutting instruments or blunt objects (25.6%) and 22 involved firearms (26.8%). Personal weapons accounted for 12.2% (10) of “other family” homicides.

Trends in Domestic Homicide, 2007 - 2011

This report is the fifth in a series of annual reports on domestic homicide in New York State.¹⁰ This section compares domestic homicides over the five-year period from 2007 through 2011.

Figures 1-4 show trends in all domestic homicides and by type of relationship.

Figure 1. Total Domestic Homicides: Statewide, 2007-2011

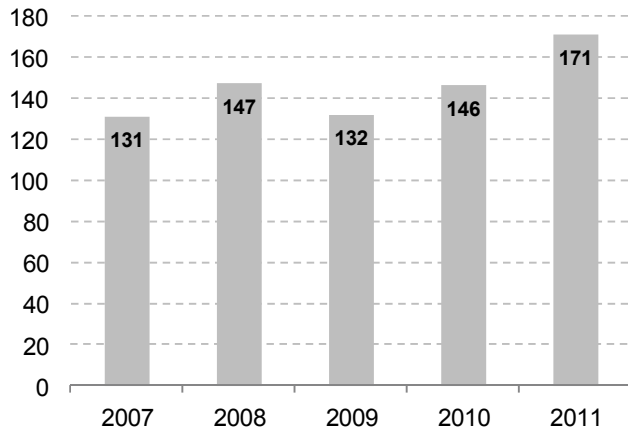
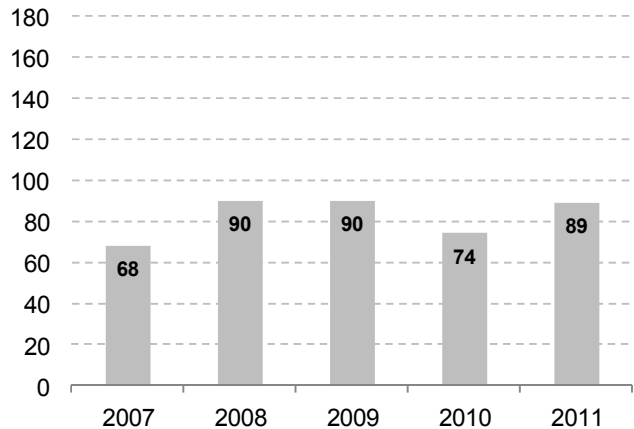


Figure 2. Intimate Partner Homicides: Statewide, 2007-2011



- The total number of domestic homicides ranged from a low of 131 in 2007 to a high of 171 in 2011.
- Intimate partner homicides increased by 20%, from 74 in 2010 to 89 in 2011, with 90 intimate partner homicides in 2008 and 2009.

Figure 3. Minor Child Homicides: Statewide, 2007-2011

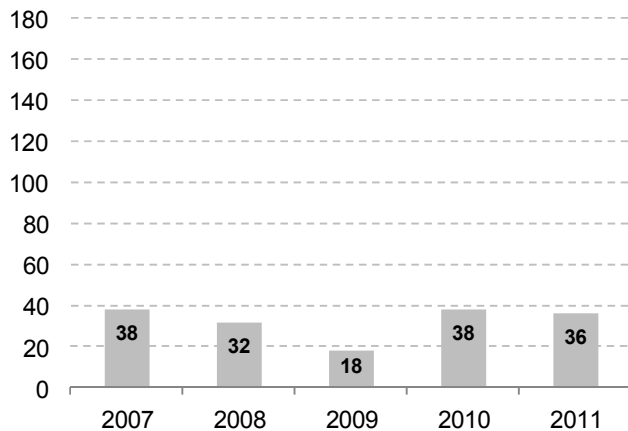
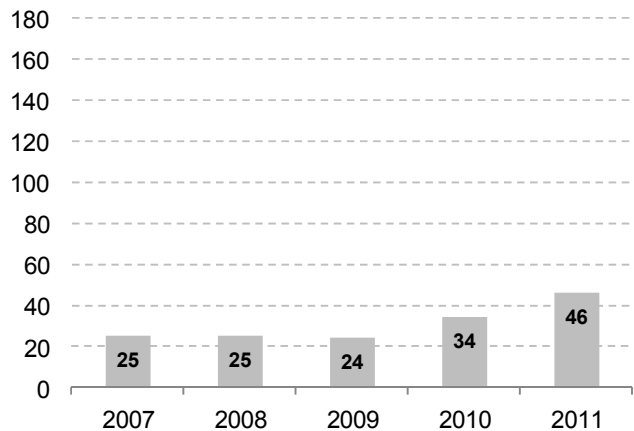


Figure 4. Other Family Homicides: Statewide, 2007-2011



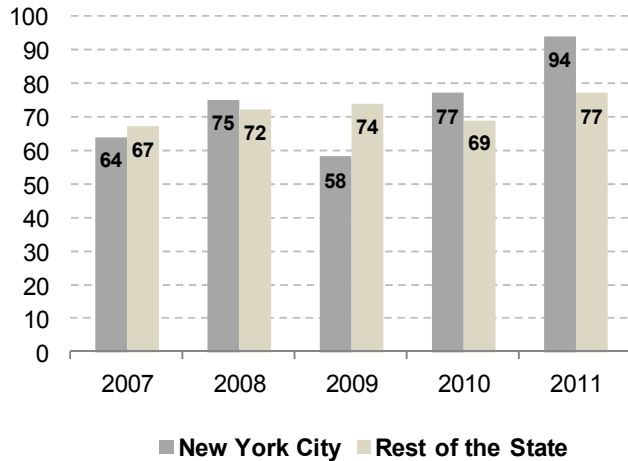
- The number of minor child victims decreased slightly from 38 homicides in 2010 to 36 in 2011.
- The number of “other family” victims, which had been stable from 2007 through 2009, increased to 34 victims in 2010 and 46 in 2011.

¹⁰ Previous reports on domestic homicide are available at www.criminaljustice.ny.gov under the “Publications” link in the left menu. In the 2007 and 2008 reports, “child victim” of domestic homicide was defined exclusively by the relationship between the victim and offender, regardless of the child’s age. The 2009 and 2010 reports focus solely on minor children (under 18 years old). Figures 1 through 8 in this report adjust the number of child victims published in the 2007 and 2008 reports to reflect this definition.

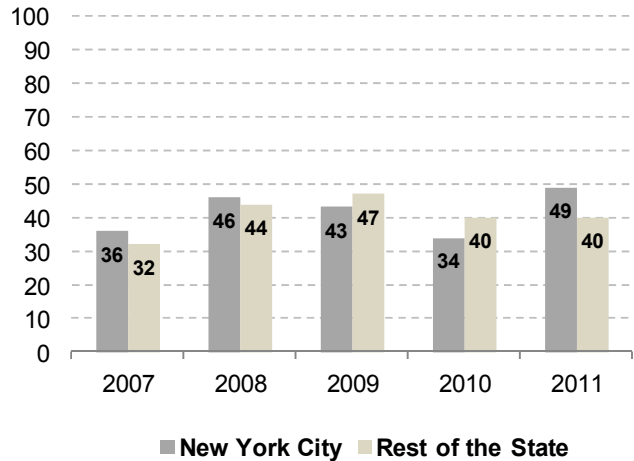
Regional Trends in Domestic Homicide, 2007 - 2011

Figures 5-8 show domestic homicides reported from 2007 through 2011 in New York City and the Rest of the State by type of relationship.

**Figure 5. Total Domestic Homicides:
NYC vs. Rest of the State**

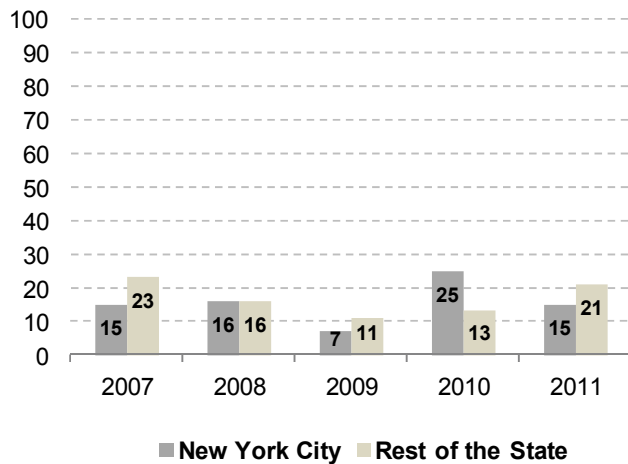


**Figure 6. Intimate Partner Homicides:
NYC vs. Rest of the State**

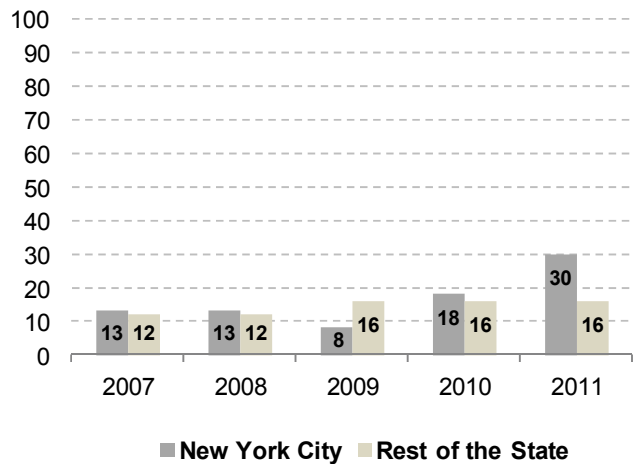


- In New York City and the Rest of the State, domestic homicides reached their highest point in five years in 2011, with 94 in the five boroughs and 77 Upstate and on Long Island.
- Intimate partner homicides in New York City reached a five-year high of 49 in 2011. In the Rest of the State, intimate partner homicides were stable at 40 victims in 2010 and 2011.

**Figure 7. Minor Child Homicides:
NYC vs. Rest of the State**



**Figure 8. Other Family Homicides:
NYC vs. Rest of the State**



- Minor child victims of domestic homicide decreased in New York City from 25 in 2010 to 15 in 2011. In the Rest of the State, 21 were reported, the highest since 2007.
- Domestic homicides involving “other family” members in New York City also reached a five-year high, with 30 reported in 2011. In the Rest of the State, the number of “other family” homicides remained constant at 16 in 2010 and 2011.

Comparison of Gender of Intimate Partner Homicide Victims

Table 9 shows gender trends in intimate partner (IP) homicide victims and all homicide victims age 16 or older during the five-year period from 2007 through 2011.

Table 9. Trends in Intimate Partner (IP) Homicide by Gender and by Region, 2007-2011

Persons Ages 16 & Older	Intimate Partner Homicides				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Statewide:					
IP Female	55	67	69	63	67
Total Female	138	139	157	143	151
(% IP Female)	(39.9%)	(48.2%)	(43.9%)	(44.1%)	(44.4%)
IP Male	13	23	21	11	22
Total Male	606	641	585	657	558
(% IP Male)	(2.1%)	(3.6%)	(3.6%)	(1.7%)	(3.9%)
New York City:					
IP Female	29	30	31	29	35
Total Female	69	65	74	78	93
(% IP Female)	(42.0%)	(46.2%)	(41.9%)	(37.2%)	(37.6%)
IP Male	7	16	12	5	14
Total Male	400	429	379	423	393
(% IP Male)	(1.8%)	(3.7%)	(3.2%)	(1.2%)	(3.6%)
Rest of the State:					
IP Female	26	37	38	34	32
Total Female	69	74	83	65	58
(% IP Female)	(37.7%)	(50.0%)	(45.8%)	(52.3%)	(55.2%)
IP Male	6	7	9	6	8
Total Male	206	212	206	234	165
(% IP Male)	(2.9%)	(3.3%)	(4.4%)	(2.6%)	(4.8%)

- Statewide, the number of adult female (16 years old or older) IP homicide victims rose from 63 in 2010 to 67 in 2011, but the proportion of intimate partner homicides as compared to all female homicides has stayed relatively constant from 2009 through 2011, around 44%.
- Statewide, 22 adult male IP homicides were reported in 2011 consistent with the total reported in 2008 and 2009. The proportion of all adult male homicides that were intimate partner increased as well, from 1.7% in 2010 to 3.9% in 2011.
- From 2010 to 2011 in New York City, the number of female IP victims increased from 29 to 35; the number of male intimate partner victims also increased from five to 14.
- In the Rest of the State, the number of female IP victims decreased from 34 in 2010 to 32 in 2011. The number of male intimate partner victims increased by two in the last year, from six in 2010 to eight in 2011.

Disclaimer

This project was supported by Grant No. 2011-BJ-CX-K042 awarded by the Bureau of Justice Statistics, Office of Justice Programs. The opinion, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this Research Report are those of the author, and do not necessarily reflect the views of the Department of Justice.

Appendix A. Domestic and Total Homicides by Region and County, 2011

County	Domestic Homicides			All Homicides
	Intimate Partner	Other Family	Total	Total
New York City	49	45	94	515
Bronx	14	13	27	148
Kings	16	15	31	198
New York	10	4	14	71
Queens	8	11	19	82
Richmond	1	2	3	16
Rest of the State	40	37	77	254
Albany	2	0	2	7
Broom e	0	0	0	3
Cattaraugus	0	0	0	1
Cayuga	2	1	3	3
Chautauqua	0	0	0	1
Chemung	0	0	0	1
Clinton	0	0	0	1
Columbia	0	0	0	1
Delaware	0	0	0	1
Dutchess	2	0	2	7
Erie	2	0	2	40
Franklin	0	1	1	1
Herkimer	0	0	0	1
Jefferson	0	1	1	2
Lewis	0	0	0	1
Livingston	1	0	1	1
Monroe	6	7	13	40
Nassau	5	3	8	23
Niagara	0	0	0	5
Oneida	0	1	1	7
Onondaga	2	3	5	14
Orange	2	3	5	9
Orleans	0	1	1	2
Oswego	0	0	0	2
Otsego	0	1	1	1
Putnam	0	0	0	1
Rensselaer	1	0	1	1
Rockland	1	1	2	3
St. Lawrence	0	2	2	2
Saratoga	2	0	2	2
Schenectady	0	1	1	4
Seneca	1	0	1	1
Steuben	2	0	2	2
Suffolk	4	2	6	32
Sullivan	1	0	1	2
Ulster	0	0	0	2
Warren	1	2	3	3
Washington	0	2	2	3
Westchester	3	5	8	21
Grand Total	89	82	171	769

NOTE: The following 18 counties with no homicides reported for 2011 are excluded from the table: Allegany, Chenango, Cortland, Essex, Fulton, Genesee, Greene, Hamilton, Madison, Montgomery, Ontario, Schoharie, Schuyler, Tioga, Tompkins, Wayne, Wyoming, and Yates. 14 counties with no domestic homicide but at least one other homicide reported in 2011 are included.

Appendix B. Domestic Homicide Victims by Region and County, 2007 - 2011

County	All Domestic					Intimate Partner					Other Family				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
New York City	64	75	58	77	94	36	46	43	34	49	28	29	15	43	45
Bronx	14	22	10	18	27	9	16	6	8	14	5	6	4	10	13
Kings	21	27	18	28	31	13	14	12	13	16	8	13	6	15	15
New York	5	8	8	8	14	2	6	7	5	10	3	2	1	3	4
Queens	18	15	19	15	19	9	9	16	7	8	9	6	3	8	11
Richmond	6	3	3	8	3	3	1	2	1	1	3	2	1	7	2
Rest of the State	67	72	74	69	77	32	44	47	40	40	35	28	27	29	37
Albany	0	1	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	2	0	0
Broome	2	1	5	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	2	1	1	1	0
Cattaraugus	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Cayuga	0	0	1	0	3	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	1
Chautauqua	0	3	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0
Chemung	2	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	1	1	0
Chenango	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Clinton	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Columbia	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Cortland	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Delaware	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dutchess	2	0	2	5	2	0	0	0	3	2	2	0	2	2	0
Erie	3	5	11	6	2	0	3	9	4	2	3	2	2	2	0
Franklin	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Genesee	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Herkimer	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jefferson	5	0	0	3	1	1	0	0	2	0	4	0	0	1	1
Livingston	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Madison	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Monroe	7	6	5	8	13	6	4	3	5	6	1	2	2	3	7
Montgomery	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nassau	4	9	6	6	8	2	6	3	0	5	2	3	3	6	3
Niagara	1	2	5	1	0	0	2	3	0	0	1	0	2	1	0
Oneida	2	4	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	3	1	1	1
Onondaga	7	4	5	3	5	3	1	4	2	2	4	3	1	1	3
Ontario	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0
Orange	3	1	3	3	5	1	1	2	1	2	2	0	1	2	3
Orleans	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Oswego	1	2	1	2	0	1	0	1	2	0	0	2	0	0	0
Otsego	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Putnam	3	1	0	2	0	2	1	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0
Rensselaer	1	2	2	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0
Rockland	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1
St. Lawrence	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
Saratoga	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0
Schenectady	0	2	0	2	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1
Schoharie	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Seneca	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Steuben	2	0	2	2	2	0	0	2	1	2	2	0	0	1	0
Suffolk	6	11	11	8	6	5	8	7	7	4	1	3	4	1	2
Sullivan	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Tompkins	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
Ulster	2	2	1	0	0	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Warren	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
Washington	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Wayne	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Westchester	3	7	2	2	8	2	4	2	0	3	1	3	0	2	5
Grand Total	131	147	132	146	171	68	90	90	74	89	63	57	42	72	82

NOTE: The following 10 counties with no domestic homicides reported for 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011 are excluded from the table: Allegany, Essex, Fulton, Greene, Hamilton, Lewis, Schuyler, Tioga, Wyoming and Yates.